

Keep Patients Healthy with Flu Vaccine Recommendations

Encourage patients to continue protecting their health during COVID-19

The 2022–2023 flu season will coincide with the continued spread of COVID-19. Patients ages 6 months and older who get the flu vaccine can reduce:

- ✓ **Frequency of illness caused by the flu.**
- ✓ **Symptoms that might seem the same as those of COVID-19.**
- ✓ **Outpatient visits, hospital stays and intensive care unit admissions.**

Reassure patients about the flu vaccine

- **Give strong reasons to get their flu shot** and address any barriers.
 - Patients are more likely to get a flu shot if their doctor recommends it.
 - Provide the flu vaccine during appointments. Improve vaccination rates with walk-in flu vaccine clinics.
 - Address patients’ health beliefs and perceptions about the flu vaccine. Remember to address barriers, such as perceived risk and susceptibility to the flu or the belief that they don’t need a flu shot.

- Flu and COVID-19 vaccines may be given at the same time. Recommend to patients that they get boosted or immunized against COVID-19 when they receive their flu shot.
- **Some people are at higher risk of developing serious flu complications. Those at higher risk include:**
 - People ages 65 and older.
 - People who smoke or have underlying medical conditions, like diabetes, heart disease, asthma, lung disease, neurologic disorders, and weakened immune systems.
 - People who are pregnant and children under age 5.

(continued)



- Populations who are disproportionately affected by chronic medical conditions that can increase the risk for severe flu or COVID-19.
- Caregivers and residents in long-term care facilities.
- Employees who work with the public.

Updates for the flu vaccine for 2022–2023

With the exception of vaccination for adults ages 65 and older, there is no preferred recommendation made for one flu vaccine product over another. Below are highlights of the latest recommendations¹ for this flu season:

- All persons ages 6 months and older should receive a routine annual flu vaccination with a licensed, recommended and age-appropriate vaccine, unless they have specific contraindications.²
- Offer vaccinations as soon as available, and ideally before the end of October. Continue to offer them through the season based on supply. The flu may not appear in some areas until February or March.
- Adults ages 65 and older should receive any one of the following higher dose or adjuvanted influenza vaccines: quadrivalent high-dose inactivated influenza vaccine (HD-IIV4), quadrivalent recombinant influenza vaccine (RIV4), or quadrivalent adjuvanted inactivated influenza

vaccine (aIIV4). If none of these vaccines is available at vaccine administration, then any other age-appropriate influenza vaccine should be used.

- View the full report of recommendations at www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/71/rr/rr7101a1.htm for more information about:
 - Groups recommended for vaccination and the timing of vaccination.
 - Available vaccine products and indications. This includes recent regulatory actions on new vaccine licensures and labeling changes for previously licensed vaccines.
 - Vaccine dosage for children through older adults.
 - Guidance for use in specific populations and situations (high risk, caregivers, persons with COVID-19, pregnancy, history of Guillain-Barré, travelers).
 - Recommendations for people with an egg allergy.
 - Vaccine selection and timing of vaccinations for immunocompromised people.

Note: Different flu vaccine preparations have different indications as licensed by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at www.cdc.gov/flu for the most current flu vaccine recommendations.



How is the flu vaccine reimbursed?

The flu vaccine is reimbursed according to the terms of the *Provider Participation Agreement (PPA)* and the member's benefit plan.

Reminder

California Health & Wellness Plan and delegated at-risk independent practice associations must cover the flu vaccine for all members as an essential preventive services benefit. It is not subject to prior authorization or cost share.

¹Grohskopf LA, Blanton LH, Ferdinands JM, et al. Prevention and Control of Seasonal Influenza with Vaccines: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices — United States, 2022–23 Influenza Season. MMWR Recomm Rep 2022;71(No. RR-1):1–28. DOI: <http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.rr7101a1>.

²Various flu vaccine products are licensed and available from several different manufacturers. Go to the CDC website at www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/acip/2022-2023/acip-table.htm for more information about available flu vaccines.